

# Satish Chandra Memorial School

## Model Question Paper

### Class VIII

#### Subject: English

#### Grammar

##### **A. Join the following sentences with suitable Conjunctions:**

1. God made the country. Man made the town.
2. The man is poor. The man is honest.
3. I was annoyed. I kept quiet.
4. She must weep. She will die.
5. This is the place. He was born here.

##### **B. Change the Voice:**

1. Did you read this novel?
2. Light the lamp.
3. He should respect his elders.
4. We acceded to his request.
5. This bottle contains milk.

##### **C. Change the narration:**

1. He said, "I will do it now."
2. The principal said to the peon, "Ring the bell".
3. I said to him, "Did you enjoy the movie?"
4. I said to my friend, "He has been working very hard."
5. Rakesh said, "I am an early riser."

##### **D. Rearrange the following and make meaningful sentences:**

1. People / look at / tend to / you / look / the way / yourself / at / you
2. them / the British / of / exploitation / united / hands / at the
3. capital / is / the / self-respect / life / of
4. Saudi Arabia / lifestyle / discovery / has changed / of / of the people / the / petroleum / in / the
5. Mother Teresa / greatest / missionaries / one of the / was / time / of / our

##### **E. Fill in the blanks with proper form of verb in agreement with its subject:**

1. Each of these producers \_\_\_\_\_ his own advantage.(has/have)
2. Ten miles \_\_\_\_\_ a long distance. (is/are)
3. Many a student \_\_\_\_\_ hard to pass this entrance exam. (tries/try)
4. Few students \_\_\_\_\_ present in the class today. (is/are)
5. Ritesh, my best friend \_\_\_\_\_ leaving for Japan next week. (is/are)

#### Literature

**A. Answer the following questions in brief:**

1. Why did Tilly's family come to Thailand?
2. Who was Chunilal? What did he want from Bepin Babu?
3. Why did the man refuse the offer of the old man?
4. Why was Mill-Wheel afraid to leave Jody alone?
5. What was difficult for the poet to understand when the jet rose six miles high?

**B. Read the given extracts carefully and answer the questions that follow:**

1. "He never saw them again."
  - a. Mention the source of the extract.
  - b. Who are referred to here as 'he' and 'them'?
  - c. Why was he unable to see them again?
2. "Her smile paled and melted into tears and she went back alone into the dark".
  - a. Who is 'she' referred to here?
  - b. Why did her smile melt into tears?
  - c. Give one antonym of 'dark'.

**C. Answer the following within 80-100 words:**

1. How did Parimal Ghosh confuse Bepin Babu?
2. Justify the title of the poem "Geography Lesson".

**D. Answer the following within 100-120 words:**

1. Give an account of Almas Javed's encounter with the Tsunami.
2. How did Chunilal take revenge on Bepin babu? Explain with reference to the story "Bepin Choudhuy's Lapse of Memory".

**Writing**

1. You are Avinash. You have not performed well in the last examination in which you appeared as you are having some serious problems in Maths and Social Science. Write a letter to the Principal of your school requesting him to arrange for remedial classes for those two subjects.
2. Write a letter to the Editor of a national daily, complaining about the horrible conditions of the streets in your locality which is the major reason behind the hike in the rate of accidents. Moreover, reckless driving by the young generation is also an area of concern.
3. Write a paragraph on the topic "The power of language" within 120-150 words.
4. Your childhood friend has invited you to attend his marriage reception. Since you were not in touch with your friend for many years, you were extremely glad and excited to receive the invitation. Write an E-mail to your friend accepting his invitation and confirm him about your presence on that auspicious occasion.

## Model Question( Answer Keys)

### Grammar

- A.**
1. God made the country and man made the town.
  2. The man is poor but honest.
  3. I was annoyed still I kept quiet.
  4. She must weep or she will die.
  5. This is the place where he was born.
- B.**
1. Was this novel read by you?
  2. Let the lamp be lighted.
  3. His elders should be respected by him.
  4. His request was acceded to by us.
  5. Milk is contained in this bottle.
- C.**
1. He said that he would do it then.
  2. The principal ordered the peon to ring the bell.
  3. I asked him if he had enjoyed the movie.
  4. I told my friend that he had been working very hard.
  5. Rakesh said that he is an early riser.
- D.**
1. People tend to look at you the way you look at yourself.
  2. Exploitation at the hands of the British united them.
  3. Self-respect is the capital of life.
  4. The discovery of petroleum in Saudi-Arabia has changed the lifestyle of the people.
  5. Mother Teresa was one of the greatest missionaries of our time.
- E.**
1. Has
  2. is
  3. tries
  4. are
  5. is

### Literature

- A.**
1. To celebrate Christmas—beach resort at Southern Thailand.
  2. Childhood friend of Bepin Babu---wanted a job
  3. The man wanted freedom---freedom is more desirable than wealth---he did not want to be a slave.
  4. Jody might get lost in the jungle---he might get bitten by a rattle snake.
  5. Why people fight with one another---why they discriminate in terms of religion, caste, creed and gender---why they build walls across cities---since we live under one planet, this attitude of men is beyond the poet's understanding.

**B.**

1. a) The Tsunami
  - b) He—Ignesious; Them—Ignesious' two children, the children's mother's father and mother's brother.
  - c) They were swept away by the sea waves.
2. a) The beautiful young maid who came to hire the man with a smile.
  - b) Beauty is not an object of permanence, it is not eternal
  - c) light

**C.**

1. Parimal Ghosh wanted to convince Bepin Babu that he(Bepin) had gone to Ranchi in October 1958---he narrated Bepin's personal details---details about the trip---details about Bepin's personal preferences---all these confused Bepin babu.
2. Mention the logic of geography---Why are valleys and places near water bodies populated---provide a conclusion to justify.

**D.**

1. Alma's family went to Nancowry island to celebrate Christmas---tremors came early in the morning---Alma's father's realization---the tragic death of Alma's father and grandfather---struggle of her mother and aunt for survival---their death---Alma survived---admitted to hospital---Alma was traumatized.
2. Chunilal used his imagination--- created a story and inserted some characters who played a crucial role in making Bepin Babu confused---He made Bepin believe that he has lost his memory---Bepin Babu started losing his confidence and was mentally stressed---thus, the revenge was taken.

**Writing**

1. State your problems in the given subjects--- state the necessity of remedial classes--- request sir to arrange for the remedial classes.
2. Mention the problems faced by common people due to the inappropriate condition of the roads---frequent bike accidents--- no measures are taken to repair the roads--- reckless driving by the young generation---nobody should be allowed to drive without helmets--- proper measures should be taken immediately---make an appeal to publish it in his newspaper for mass awareness.
3. Language is the most important tool for communication---a person having a good knowledge of a particular language will be able to learn any other language---a person who is well versed in a language will be highly respected in society---command over a language helps a person to get jobs easily---language provides an identity---it also works as a crucial mode of expressing views.

4. Express your happiness after receiving the invitation--- state how you missed your friend and cherished your childhood memories, the memories of togetherness---ensure him about your presence on the auspicious occasion.

SATISH CHANDRA MEMORIAL SCHOOL

CLASS-VIII

SUB-SOCIAL SCIENCE

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

A. 1 MARKS QUESTIONS:

1. Who was Warren Hastings? Pg.
2. When did East India Company first come to India? Ans. 1600 century.
3. Who adopted Doctrine of lapse?
4. Who are vaishnavas? Pg.48
5. Define Constitution. Pg.5
6. What are Constituencies? Pg.34
7. Define Sedition Act of 1870s. pg.44
8. Where the Apex court of India is situated?
9. Define Land Use. Pg.10
10. What are minerals? Pg.26

B. 3 MARKS QUESTIONS

1. IN British rule surveys became important. Why? Pg.6
2. How did East India Company establish its trade monopoly over the East? Pg.10
3. How did Company start to expanding its control in Bengal? Pg.1

4. Discuss the process of Claim to Paramount. Pg.18
5. What is a forestation?
6. When a substance transforms into a resource? Pg.1
7. Distinguish between renewable and non-renewable resources. Pg.3
8. With the help of a chart describe the various types of natural resources on the basis of origin.
9. Discuss drip irrigation. Pg.16&17
10. Water availability per person in India is decreasing. – explain.
11. Why the people of Nepal wanted a new Constitution? Pg.6
12. How does Indian Constitution protect citizens from taking any harmful decision? Pg.9
13. Define federalism. Pg.11
14. Why do we need fundamental rights? Pg.14
15. What is the role of citizens in law-making.

C. 5 MARKS QUESTIONS

1. What were the limitations of official records prepared by the British? Ans.given
2. In what way was the administration of the Company different from that of Indian rulers? Ans.given
3. What were the differences between Permanent Settlement and Mahalwari Settlements. Pg.28&29
4. Discuss the different activities of the tribal people during the 19<sup>th</sup> century. Ans.given
5. Write about the religious influence in the Revolt of 1857. Ans.given
6. What are the various principles of sustainable development? Pg 6
7. Discuss about the natural vegetation of the world. Pg.18&19
8. Write about the distribution of minerals in India.
9. Discuss the various factors of soil formation.13
10. What are non-conventional sources of energy? What are the types of it? Pg.33,34&35
11. What are the challenges faced by the constitution makers during the time of the making of Constitution. Pg.11
12. Why is it important to separate religion from State? Pg.20
13. What was the election procedure under British rule in India? Ans.given
14. State two reasons why historians refuse to claim that the British introduced the rule of law in India? Ans.given
15. MAP:

LOCATE ON Indian map:

Ice cream state of India

Garden state of India

Pink city of India

Locate the Maratha territory during 1764.

LOCATE ON WORLD MAP

Leading iron ore producing country

Petroleum producing country in Asia.

# Model question paper

Half yearly exam 2019

Class VIII

Sub: Mathematics

## Group A [Each question 1 mark]

- Which of the following is the standard form of a rational number  $\frac{2}{8}$  is  
a)  $\frac{3}{4}$  b)  $\frac{1}{4}$  c)  $\frac{1}{8}$  d)  $\frac{4}{16}$ .
- The additive inverse of  $\frac{9}{8}$  is  
a)  $\frac{9}{8}$  b)  $-\frac{9}{8}$  c) 1 d) 0
- $2x - 1 = 14 - x$ , then x is  
a) 5 b) -6 c) 13 d) 16
- Sum of two number is 35. Their difference is 13, then the numbers are  
a) 11,24 b) 12,23 c) 15,20 d) 14,21
- What will be the unit digit of the squares of 81  
a) 2 b) 4 c) 1 d) 8
- Which of the following numbers is a perfect squares  
a) 56 b) 34 c) 36 d) 110
- Cube root of -343 is  
a) 7 b) 8 c) -7 d) -9
- The volume of a cube whose surface area is 384 sq.m  
a) 1331 b) 64 c) 343 d) 512
- Three coins are tossed simultaneously. Number of outcomes are a) 6 b) 4 c) 8 d) none of these.
- A die is thrown. What is the probability of getting an even number? a)  $\frac{1}{2}$  b)  $\frac{2}{3}$  c)  $\frac{5}{6}$  d)  $\frac{1}{6}$
- Zero has ..... reciprocal. (Ans : no)
- A number ending in 2,3,7,8 is never a perfect square. T/F (Ans : T)
- Sum of first n odd natural numbers = .....
- Sum of all exterior angles of a convex polygon of n sides is 180. T/F (Ans : F)
- A pentagon has ..... diagonals.

## Group B [Each question 2 mark]

16. Find the square root of 1764. **Ans: 42**
17. The sum of two numbers is  $-1/3$ . If one of the numbers is  $-12/3$ , find the other.
18. Find the cube root of -5832.
19. What is the measure of each angle of a regular hexagon? **Ans:  $120^\circ$**
20. How many sides have a regular polygon, each angle of which is of measure 108 degree?
21. Two adjacent angles of a parallelogram are equal. What is the measure of each of these angles?
22. Define the terms: open curve, probability.
23. Draw the graph of the function  $y=3x$ .
24. Plot the points: (0,-5), (4,8) , (-2,-3), (0,-6).
25. Evaluate :  $(0.8)^3$ ,  $(0.05)^3$

### Group C[Each question 3 mark]

26. Find the square root of 237.615 correct to three places of decimal.
27. What is the smallest number by which 392 must be multiplied so that the product is a perfect cube? **Ans: 7**
28. Find the volume of a cube whose surface area is  $150 \text{ m}^2$ . **Ans: 125**
29. Solve:  $\frac{3t-2}{4} - \frac{2t+3}{3} = \frac{2}{3} - t$  **Ans:  $t=2$**
30. Find the list square number divisible by each one of 8,9,10.
31. One card is drawn from a pack of 52 cards, each of the 52 cards being equally likely to be drawn. Find the probability that the card drawn is  
(i) red and a king (ii) a face card (iii) a red face card (iv) '2' of spades
32. A bag contains 3 red and 2 blue marbles. A marble is drawn at random. What is the probability of drawing a blue marble?
33. Draw a rhombus whose side is 7.2 cm and one angle is  $60^\circ$ .

### Group D [Each question 4 mark]

34. Construct a quadrilateral ABCD in which  $AB = 4.2 \text{ cm}$ ,  $BC = 6 \text{ cm}$ ,  $CD = 5.2 \text{ cm}$ ,  $DA = 5 \text{ cm}$  and  $AC = 8 \text{ cm}$ .
35. Construct a quadrilateral ABCD in which  $AB = 5.6 \text{ cm}$ ,  $BC = 4 \text{ cm}$ ,  $\angle A = 50^\circ$ ,  $\angle B = 105^\circ$ ,  $\angle D = 80^\circ$ .
36. Construct a rhombus ABCD in which  $AB = 4 \text{ cm}$  and diagonal AC is 6.5 cm.



37. The following table gives the marks the marks scored by 100 students in an entrance examination.

Marks:	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
No of students	4	10	16	22	20	18	8	2

Represent this data in the form of a histogram.

38. The following data gives the amount spent on the construction of a house. Draw a pie-diagram.

Items	Cement	Timber	Bricks	Labour	Steel	Miscellaneous
Expenditure (in thousand Rs.)	60	30	45	75	45	45

39. Draw the graph of the function  $y = x^2$ .

40. Draw the graph of the line  $3x + 4y = 12$

## **MODEL QUESTION PAPER**

### **CLASS - VIII**

### **HINDI 2<sup>ND</sup> LANGUAGE**

#### **40 Questions**

#### **खण्ड - क साहित्य**

१. आज समाज में मानवीय मूल्यों की क्या स्थिति है?
२. भारतवर्ष की उन विशेषताओं को बताइए जो इसे अन्य देशों से अधिक महत्ता दिलाती है ।
३. लेखक के निराश न होने का क्या कारण है?
४. पक्षियों की पाँखों में क्या तिरता है ?
५. छल कपट की घटनाएँ याद रखने का जीवन पर क्या प्रभव पड़ता है?
६. हम तो केवल यह आँकते हैं

कि एक देश की धरती

दूसरे देश को सुगंध भेजती है

– काव्यांश में धरती क्या कर रही है ?

७. 'तलवार काम हत्त्व होता है, म्यान का नहीं' के माध्यम से कबीरदास क्या कहना चाहते हैं?
८. कबीर ने घास की निंदा करने से मना क्यों किया है?
९. 'दीवानों की हस्ती' कविता के आधार पर दीवानों की विशेषताएँ लिखिए।
१०. दीवानों ने अपने बंधन क्यों तोड़ दिए हैं?
११. \*\*मनुआँ तो दहुँ दिसि फ़िरै, यह तो सुमिरन नाहि - भावार्थ लिखें ।
१२. लेखक ने किन बातों का हिसाब न रखने के लिए कहा है?
१३. लेखक के निराश मन का हौसला कब बढ़ा है?
१४. ^ हम स्वयं बँधे थे और स्वयँ  
हम अपने बंधन तोड़ चले – भावार्थ लिखें ।
१५. 'दीवानों की हस्ती' कविता में दीवाने किसे और क्यों कहा गया है?
१६. कौन अपना और पराएपन की भावना से ऊपर उठ चुके हैं ?
१७. 'दीवानों की हस्ती' कविता के रचनाकार कौन हैं ?
१८. दीवाने अपना बंधन तोड़कर किस ओर बढ़ना चाहते हैं ?
१९. जीवन में मस्ती होनी चाहिए, लेकिन यह मस्ती कब खतरनाक हो जाती है?
२०. किन तथ्यों से आप यह कह सकते हैं कि मानवीय मूल्य अभी भी शेष हैं?
२१. मानव महासमुद्र कभी सूख नहीं सकता, का आशय स्पष्ट कीजिए ।
२२. आज भी देश में करोड़ों लोग गरीब बने हुए हैं , क्यों ?

### खण्ड – ख व्याकरण

२३. सन्धि किसे कहते हैं ?
२४. सन्धि विच्छेद कर सन्धि का नाम लिखें : स्वार्थ , भावुक, अधरौष्ठ, विद्यालय ।
२५. समास किसे कहते हैं ? ।
२६. कर्म तत्पुरुष समास के दो उदाहरण दें ।
२७. वाच्य किसे कहते हैं ? उदाहरण सहित लिखें।
२८. व्यंजन संधि उदाहरण सहित स्पष्ट कीजिए ।
२९. सम्प्रदान कारक और कर्म कारक में क्या अन्तर है ?

३०. कलाकार ने कूँची से सुंदर चित्र बनाया । (कारक उल्लेख करें )
३१. कृदंत शब्द किसे कहते हैं?
३२. रचना के आधार पर क्रिया के सभी भेदों के नाम लिखें ।
३३. धोबी ने गधे को खूब पीटा । (कारक उल्लेख करें )
३४. समास विग्रह कर समास के भेद लिखिए : भरपेट, माता-पिता ।
३५. पक्षियों द्वारा अनेक करतब दिखाए गए । (कर्तृवाच्य में परिवर्तन करें)
३६. पुरुषवाचक सर्वनाम के दो उदाहरण दें।
३७. उपसर्ग और मूल शब्द अलग करें :- सपूत , बेवफ़ा
३८. प्रत्यय और मूल शब्द अलग करें :- भूखा, सुनार ।
३९. दिए गए उपसर्ग से शब्द बनाएँ :- भर , हम ।
४०. दिए गए प्रत्यय से शब्द बनाएँ :- ना, आहट ।

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

## MODEL QUESTION OF CLASS VIII SCIENCE

### 1. Multiple Choice Questions.

(a) Transplantation is done in the case of —

- (i) Wheat
- (ii) Paddy
- (iii) Maize
- (iv) Barley.

(b) To improve the varieties of crop the technique employed is —

- (i) Transplantation

- (ii) Broadcasting
- (iii) Hybridisation
- (iv) Cultivation.

(c) A group of microorganisms that have the characters of both living and non-living are —

- (i) Virus
- (ii) Bacteria
- (iii) Protozoa
- (iv) Fungi

(d) Nylon is a polymer which is termed as —

- (i) Polyamide
- (ii) Polyester
- (iii) Polyamine
- (iv) Polyvinyl

(e) The non-metal which has very high melting point is —

- (i) Sulphur
- (ii) Graphite
- (iii) Phosphorus
- (iv) Iodine

(f) Which give us pollution free environment on burning ?

- (i) Wood

(ii) Kerosene

(iii) Cow dung cakes

(iv) Biogas

(g) Which one of the following is not under a conservation category of wildlife ?

(i) Extinct

(ii) Endangered

(iii) Endemic

(iv) Vulnerable

Answer the following questions.

2. Name two crop plants for each of the following :

(i) Pulses

(ii) Plantation crops

(3) Why is the depth at which seeds are planted important ?

(4) How is transplanting useful to the farmer ?

(5) What is mixed cropping ?

(6) Some seeds are given to you to grow. What factors will you keep in mind ?

(7) How can you see microorganisms ?

(8) What are diatoms ?

(9) Where are bacteria found ?

(10) Define synthetic fibres.

(11) What are plastics ?

(12) Write difference between thermoplastics and thermosetting plastics.

- (13) Mention a few problems associated with the excessive use of a synthetic materials.
- (14) Why Gold is found in the free state ?
- (15) Why iron is used to construct bridges and houses ?
- (16) Which metal is the best conductor of heat and electricity ?
- (17) What are alloys ?
- (18) How can rusting be prevented ? Write five methods for it.
- (19) Name two primary fossil fuels.
- (20) Name the fuel obtained from cattle dung.
- (21) Which gases cause acid rain ?
- (22) What is a fuel ? Give four characteristics of a good fuel.
- (23) What are fossil fuels ? How are they formed ? Why should they not be wasted ?
- (24) Draw a diagram showing different zones of a candle flame.
- (25) Which zone of candle contains unburnt vapour of wax and very hot-carbon particles ?
- (26) Name two NGOs working for the conservation of environment in India.
- (27) What is conservation ?
- (28) Why did IUCN prepare the Red Data Book ?
- (29) Who discovered the cell ?
- (30) Name the largest cell and smallest cell known to you.
- (31) Name a unicellular organism found in pond water?
- (32) Why do cells multiply ?

- (33) What is the jelly - like substance present in cells called?
- (34) Mention the function of the following:
- a. Cell membrane
  - b. Chromosomes
- (35) What is meant by reproduction ?
- (36) Name the hormones responsible for sexual maturity in males and females.
- (37) Name the gametes produced by the male and female human beings.
- (38) What is hermaphrodite ?
- (39) What are the secondary sexual characters in human beings ?
- (40) Why is population control important? How can it be done ?
- (41) Write factors responsible for population growth in India.