

SATISH CHANDRA MEMORIAL SCHOOL

REASONING BASED TEST

SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE

Section- A

Question number 1 to 10 are assertion-reason based and the options are given below:

- a. Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A (A✓R✓E✓)*
- b. Both A and R are correct but R is not the correct explanation of A (A✓R✓E✗)*
- c. A is correct but R is wrong (A✓R✗)*
- d. A is wrong but R is correct (A✗R✓)*

1. Assertion (A): The Amazon River flows through the equatorial region from the mountains to the west and reaches the Atlantic Ocean to the east.

Reason (R): The River was named Amazon after the fierce tribe of woman warriors known as Amazons.

2. Assertion (A): In large parts of the subcontinent, society was already divided according to the rules of Varna.

Reason (R): These rules, as prescribed by the Vaishyas, were accepted by the rulers of large kingdoms.

3. Assertion (A): Nomads exchanged wool, ghee, etc., with settled agriculturists for grain, cloth, utensils and other products.

Reason (R): The caste-based and tribal societies also depended on each other for their diverse needs.

4. Assertion (A): The rainforest provides wood which helps the people to build their houses and continue their survival like living in thatched houses.

Reason (R): With the growing time, the indigenous population is forced to shift to other apartments and use the forest for construction of buildings, thus destroying the forest.

5. Assertion (A): A tribal group controlled land and pastures jointly,

Reason (R): They divided these amongst households according to its own rules.

6. Assertion (A): As forests are cleared for the development of human kind, cutting of trees should take place at large scale so that humans can be supplied with the best life.

Reason (R): Due to excessive clearing of rainforest in the Amazon basin, the topsoil is washed away and the lush forest has changed into barren land.

7. Assertion (A): many girls do not get the same support that boys do to study and train to become doctors and engineers.

Reason (R): Many people even today believe in different stereotypes.

8. Assertion (A): In the western Himalaya lived the agriculturalists tribe of Gaddis.

Reason(R): The distant north-eastern part of the subcontinent too was entirely dominated by tribes – the Nagas, Ahoms and many others.

9. Assertion (A): Over the centuries important political, social and economic developments had taken place.

Reason (R): But social change was not the same everywhere, because different kinds of societies evolved from the same origin.

10. Assertion (A): Few groups of tribals were often into conflict with larger and more complex kingdoms and empire.

Reason (R): Some tribes established extensive states with well-organised systems of administration and became politically powerful.

Section- B

(Choose the correct answer)

11. "Generally it has become very difficult for historians to write down the history of tribal"- What may be the possible reasons for the statement?

1st Reason- Contemporary historians and travelers give very scanty information about tribes.

2nd Reason- Tribal people did not keep written records.

3rd Reason- Tribal were confined only in the few places in India.

- a. Only 1st Reason
- b. Only 2nd Reason
- c. 1st and 2nd Reasons
- d. 2nd and 3rd Reasons

12. The tropical and subtropical regions are home to diverse ecosystems and rich biodiversity, yet they face significant environmental challenges due to human activities. Which of the following practices in these regions is most likely to lead to soil degradation and loss of biodiversity over time?

- a. Agroforestry, where farmers integrate trees and shrubs into their crop systems to promote soil health.
- b. Slash-and-burn agriculture, where forests are cleared and burned for short-term crop production.
- c. Urban green space development, which includes planting trees and creating parks within cities.
- d. Sustainable fish farming, which minimizes the impact on natural marine ecosystems.

13. Which of the following is the correct reason of the given statement- "Members of each tribe were united by kinship bonds."

- a. They were fighting in the war together.
- b. They were claiming to be descended from a common ancestor.
- c. Mainly they were hunter- gatherers.
- d. Sometimes they had established well administrative states.

14. "Agriculture is the main occupation of the people in the Ganga-Brahmaputra basin" what can be the appropriate reason of it?

- I. Flat land is available to grow crops
 - II. Soil is very fertile
 - III. Paddy, wheat, maize, gram are main crops grown here
 - IV. Monsoon supply adequate water.
- a. I and II only
 - b. III and IV only
 - c. I, II and IV only
 - d. I, II, III and IV

15. Which of the following is not the correct effect of the given statement- "Gonds were a powerful tribe during the declining period of Delhi Sultanate"

- a. Gond kingdom of Garha Katanga had 70,000 villages.
- b. The administrative system of these kingdoms was becoming centralised.
- c. Brahmanas received land grants from the Gond rajas.
- d. They became much weaker and later struggled unsuccessfully against the stronger Bundelas and Marathas.

16. The indigenous people of the rainforest often practice "shifting cultivation." Why is this farming method commonly used by these communities?

- a. It allows farmers to continuously grow crops on the same piece of land without affecting soil fertility.
- b. It helps prevent forest fires by keeping large areas of the forest cleared.
- c. It helps to regenerate soil fertility naturally, as they move to new areas when soil fertility decreases
- d. It prevents the need to cut down trees, as crops are grown only in open areas.

17. It is believed that science requires a technical mind and girls and women are not capable of dealing with technical things.- What may be the correct reason behind this kind of belief?

- a. Boys have more technical mind.
- b. It is believed from early societies.
- c. It is an example of stereotyped thinking.
- d. People are generally practicing this type of customs in their families.

18. A twelfth-century inscription from Uyyakondan Udaiyar in Tiruchirapalli describes the deliberations of a group in a sabha regarding the status and occupations of rathakaras. What was the main reason for these deliberations?

- a. To restrict the rathakaras to only constructing chariots for warfare.
- b. To define and formalize the diverse roles and duties of the rathakaras, including temple-related activities and royal services.
- c. To grant the rathakaras authority over all temple affairs.
- d. To prohibit the rathakaras from working on architectural projects.

19. Boys are pressurized to think about getting a job that will pay a good salary. What may be the reason behind that?

- a. Boys need to earn more.
- b. This is the rule by law.
- c. This is a social stereotype.
- d. Boys have more responsibilities.

20. Rokeya Sakhawat Hossain wrote Sultana's Dream to practice her English skills. What was the most appropriate reason behind that?

- a. Rokeya wanted to show how women could invent advanced technologies and govern society.
- b. Rokeya was stopped from learning English at a young age and wanted to improve her language skills as an adult.
- c. She wrote the story to criticize the use of technology by men in her society.
- d. She wanted to write a story about an ideal society where men ruled over women.