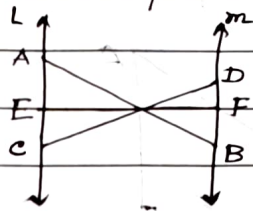


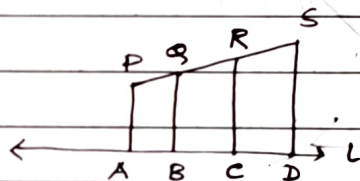
Chp → Triangle

BIVASH SAR

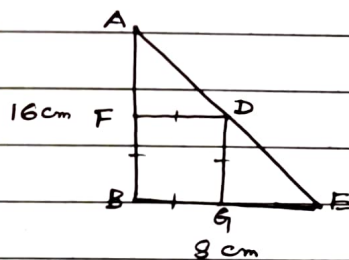
- ① In the given fig, $L \parallel m$ & line segments AB, CD & EF are concurrent at point P . Prove that $\frac{AE}{BF} = \frac{AC}{BD} = \frac{CE}{FD}$.



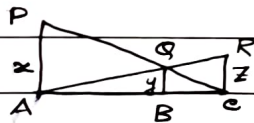
- ② In the given figure, PA, QB, RC & SD are all perpendiculars to a line L . $AB = 6 \text{ cm}$, $BC = 9 \text{ cm}$, $CD = 12 \text{ cm}$ & $SP = 36 \text{ cm}$. Find PQ, QR & RS .



- ③ Sides AB and BE of a right triangle, right $\angle$ 'd at B are of lengths 16 cm & 8 cm respectively. Find the length of the side of largest square $FDGB$ that can be inscribed in the $\triangle ABE$.

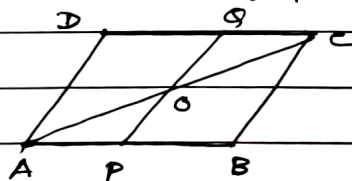


- ④ In fig, PA, QB & RC are each perpendicular to AC . If $x = 8 \text{ cm}$, $z = 6 \text{ cm}$, then find the value of y .



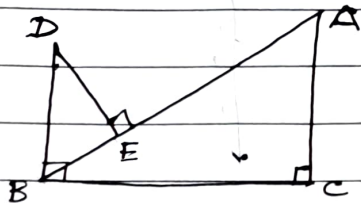
- ⑤ $ABCD$ is a parallelogram. Point P divides AB in the ratio $2:3$ & Point Q divides DC in the ratio $4:1$.

Prove that OC is half of OA .



⑥ In the given fig., $DB \perp BC$, $DE \perp AB$ & $AC \perp BC$,

Prove That $\frac{BE}{DE} = \frac{AC}{BC}$



⑦ Given that $\triangle PSR \sim \triangle BAR$, find

