

Grammar

5.02.26

VIII

A. MCQS

1. Change the assertive sentence into an interrogative sentence.

She can solve the problem easily.

- A. Can she solve the problem easily?
- B. Does she can solve the problem easily?
- C. She can solve the problem easily, can she?
- D. Can she solved the problem easily?

2. Change the interrogative sentence into an assertive sentence.

Did he finish his homework on time?

- A. He does not finish his homework on time.
- B. He finished his homework on time.
- C. He had finished his homework on time?
- D. Did he finished his homework on time.

3. Change the affirmative sentence into a negative sentence.

Everyone trusted the leader.

- A. No one trusted the leader.
- B. Everyone did not trust the leader.
- C. Nobody distrusted the leader.
- D. Anyone did not distrust the leader.

4. Change the negative sentence into an affirmative sentence.

He is not unaware of the rules.

- A. He is aware of the rules.
- B. He is fully ignorant of the rules.
- C. He does not know the rules.
- D. He is careless about the rules.

5. Change the assertive sentence into an exclamatory sentence.

The view from the hill is very beautiful.

- A. How beautiful is the view from the hill!
- B. What the view from the hill is beautiful!
- C. The view from the hill is so beautiful?
- D. Is the view from the hill very beautiful!

6. Change the exclamatory sentence into an assertive sentence.

What a brave soldier he is!

- A. How brave soldier he is.
- B. He is a very brave soldier.
- C. He is a brave soldier!
- D. Is he a brave soldier?

7. Change the affirmative sentence into a negative sentence.

He always speaks the truth.

- A. He never speaks lies.
- B. He does not always speak the truth.
- C. He never speaks the truth.
- D. He does not speak lies always.

8. Change the interrogative sentence into an assertive sentence.

Is this not the best solution?

- A. This is not the best solution.
- B. This is the worst solution.
- C. This is the best solution.
- D. This was the best solution.

9. Change the assertive sentence into an interrogative sentence

She scarcely understood the instructions.

- A. Did she scarcely understood the instructions?
- B. Did she scarcely understand the instructions?
- C. Did she understand scarcely the instructions?
- D. Had she scarcely understand the instructions?

10. Change the interrogative sentence into an assertive sentence.

Is there anyone who does not admire courage?

- A. No one admires courage.
- B. Everyone admires courage.
- C. Anyone admires courage.
- D. Everyone does admire courage?

11. Change the affirmative sentence into a negative sentence.

He was confident of success.

- A. He was not doubtful of success.
- B. He was not confident of success.
- C. He was never confident of success.
- D. He had no confidence in success.

12. Change the negative sentence into an affirmative sentence.

She did not fail to notice the mistake.

- A. She noticed the mistake.
- B. She could not notice the mistake.
- C. She never noticed the mistake.
- D. She failed to notice the mistake.

13. Change the exclamatory sentence into an assertive sentence.

How cleverly she handled the situation!

- A. She handled the situation clever.
- B. She handled the situation very cleverly.
- C. She handled the situation with cleverness!

D. Did she handle the situation cleverly?

14. Change the affirmative sentence into a negative sentence.

Few students understood the lecture.

A. Many students did not understand the lecture.

B. Not many students understood the lecture.

C. No students understood the lecture.

D. All students did not understand the lecture.

15. Change the interrogative sentence into an assertive sentence.

Who can deny that honesty is the best policy?

A. Everyone denies that honesty is the best policy.

B. No one can deny that honesty is the best policy.

C. Anyone can deny that honesty is the best policy.

D. Honesty is not the best policy.

B. Underline the clauses and identify their type : [Noun, Adjective and Adverb]

1. The house that I live in belongs to my father.

2. I often wonder how you are getting old.

3. You may sit wherever you like.

4. He fled where his pursuers could not follow.

5. They never fail who die in a great cause.

C. Identify the types of the given sentences [Simple, Complex & Compound] :

1. I believe what you say.

2. He is a man who is happy.

3. Lazy boys dislike work.

4. His grandfather died and this added to his misfortune.
5. She has faults, yet I love her.
6. The man was hungry so he ate too much.
7. You must give up smoking or you will die.
8. We sow that we may reap.