

Division

1. Division means equal sharing.
2. The sign/symbol of division is ($\div$).
3. The number to be divided is called the dividend.
4. The number by which we divide the dividend is called the divisor.
5. The answer of a division is called the quotient.
6. After division, the number left over is called the remainder.
7. Division is repeated subtraction.

Example:

$$8 \div 2 = 4$$

$$8 - 2 = 6$$

$$6 - 2 = 4$$

$$4 - 2 = 2$$

$$2 - 2 = 0$$

Therefore, $8 \div 2 = 4$.

