

ECONOMICS AND GEOGRAPHY CLASS TEST

1. Intangible things produced to satisfy human wants, such as teaching or banking, are referred to as _____.
2. In economics, _____ does not just mean the physical surface of the earth, but also other natural resources like minerals, forests, and ponds.
3. Rama bought a sewing machine, thread, and scissors because he wanted to open a tailor shop; these items used in his business are known as _____.
4. _____ is an ancient Indian text that discusses various art forms, crafts, and human skills.
5. The knowledge, skill, training, and health of the population that helps in production is known as _____ capital.
6. The economic phenomenon where countries with abundant natural resources experience slower economic growth or poor development is known as the _____.
7. The severe decline of tuna fish populations due to overfishing and human disruption shows the urgent need for marine _____ and regeneration.
8. Meeting the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs is called _____ development.
9. Natural organic substitutes used in place of chemical fertilizers to enrich the soil include _____ and compost.
10. _____ are often called the water towers of Asia because the glaciers in these mountains act as natural reservoirs of fresh water.